Appendix 1



GAMBLING LICENSING POLICY STATEMENT 2019–2022

Gambling Policy Document - Adopted 3rd January 2019

KEY:

Red = Changes proposed at consultation stage Green = Changes in response to consultation correspondence received

Version History

Version No:	Period to which policy applies:	Review date:
1	2007-09	2009
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SOUTHEND-ON-SEA BOROUGH COUNCIL GAMBLING LICENSING POLICY STATEMENT

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

- **1.1** This Statement of Licensing Policy sets out the principles by which Southend-on-Sea Borough Council, as the Licensing Authority under the Gambling Act 2005 (referred to in this document as 'the Act'), intends to apply in discharging its functions to licence premises for gambling under the Act as well as:-
 - designating the body responsible for advising the Authority on the protection of children from harm;
 - determining whether or not a person is an "Interested Party";
 - exchanging information with the Gambling Commission and others; and
 - inspecting premises and instituting court proceedings for offences committed under the Act.

2.0 THE LICENSING OBJECTIVES

- **2.1** In exercising most of its functions under the Act, Licensing Authorities must have regard to the Licensing Objectives as set out in Section 1 of the Act. The Licensing Objectives are:-
 - Preventing gambling from being a source of crime or disorder, being associated with crime or disorder or being used to support crime;
 - Ensuring that gambling is conducted in a fair and open way; and
 - Protecting children and other vulnerable persons from being harmed or exploited by gambling.

3.0 DESCRIPTION OF THE DISTRICT

3.1 The County of Essex comprises 12 District and 2 Unitary Authorities. Southend-on-Sea Borough Council is one of those Unitary Authorities. The number of premises licensed under the Act saw steady growth when the legislation came into force but started to stagnate in 2012 and decreased in 2013 and 2014. There has been little change since then although in 2016 there was some small growth in the Adult Gaming Centre sector. A map of the area is attached to this Policy document at Annex 'D'

4.0 **RESPONSIBILITIES UNDER THE ACT**

- **4.1** The Act introduced a licensing regime for gambling, to be conducted by the Gambling Commission and by Licensing Authorities, depending on the matter to be licensed.
- **4.2** Southend-on-Sea Borough Council is the Licensing Authority for the area shown on the attached map, whose responsibilities must be discharged by the Licensing Committee created under Section 6 of the Licensing Act 2003.

- **4.3** The Gambling Commission is responsible for issuing Operating and Personal Licences to persons and organisations who:-
 - operate a casino;
 - provide facilities for playing bingo or for pool betting;
 - provide betting or act as intermediaries for betting.
 - make gaming machines available for use in Adult Gaming Centres and Family Entertainment Centres;
 - manufacture, supply, install, adapt, maintain or repair gaming machines;
 - manufacture, supply, install or adapt gambling machine software; or
 - promote a lottery.
- **4.4** The Licensing Authority is responsible for licensing premises in which gambling takes place. All types of gambling are included, other than spread betting and the National Lottery. It is also responsible for issuing permits for premises with gaming machines and for receiving notices from operators wishing to use unlicensed premises for gambling on a temporary basis. The Licensing Authority has additional responsibility for the registration of certain types of exempt Small Society Lotteries.
- **4.5** The Licensing Authority cannot become involved in the moral issues of gambling and must aim to permit the use of premises for gambling in so far as it thinks it :
 - a) in accordance with any relevant Code of Practice under Section 24 of the Act;
 - b) in accordance with any relevant Guidance issued by the Gambling Commission under Section 25;
 - c) reasonably consistent with the Licensing Objectives (Subject to paragraphs a) and b))and
 - d) in accordance with the Licensing Authority's Statement of Licensing Policy (subject to paragraphs a) and c)).

Before the Licensing Authority can determine an application for a Premises Licence, an Operating and Personal Licence, or both, must have been obtained from the Gambling Commission.

5.0 STATEMENT OF LICENSING POLICY

- **5.1** The Licensing Authority is required by the Act to publish a Statement of Licensing Policy which contains the principles it proposes to apply when exercising its functions under the Act.
- **5.2** This Policy must be reviewed and published every three years. The Policy must also be reviewed from 'time to time' and any proposed amendments and/or additions must be subject to fresh consultation. The 'new' Policy must then be published.
- **5.3.** This Policy takes effect on 31st January 2019, and replaces the policy previously in force.

6.0 CONSULTATION

- **6.1** In producing this Policy, the Licensing Authority consulted widely before finalising and publishing it. In addition to the statutory consultees (listed below), the Council chose to consult with additional local groups and individuals. A full list of all groups and persons consulted is provided at Annex 'A'.
- 6.2 The Act requires that the following parties are consulted by the Licensing Authority:-
 - The Chief Officer of Police for the Authority's area;
 - One or more persons who appear to the Authority to represent the interests of persons carrying on gambling businesses in the Authority's area; and
 - One or more persons who appear to the Authority to represent the interests of persons who are likely to be affected by the exercise of the Authority's functions under the Act.
- 6.3 The other groups and people consulted included:-
 - Organisations, working with people who are problem gamblers,
 - Responsible Authorities under the Act.
 - Public Health
- 6.4 Consultation took place between 23rd July and 2nd September 2018

7.0 APPROVAL OF POLICY

- **7.1** This Policy was approved at a meeting of the full Council on ??? and was published via its website on ???. Copies are available on request.
- **7.2** It should be noted that this Policy does not override the right of any person to make an application, to make representations about an application, or to apply for a review of a licence, as each case will be considered on its own merit and according to the requirements of the Act.

8.0 DECLARATION

- **8.1** The Licensing Authority declares that it has had regard to the Licensing Objectives, formal Guidance issued to Licensing Authorities and any responses from those consulted during the consultation process, and will adopt the Principles of Better Regulation.
- **8.2** The Council recognises its responsibilities under equality legislation and will monitor the impact of these statutory duties through its various corporate schemes such as the Councils "Comprehensive Equality Policy".

9.0 **RESPONSIBLE AUTHORITIES**

- **9.1** A full list of the Responsible Authorities designated under the Act and their contact details are given in Annex 'B'. It should be noted that under the Act, the Licensing Authority itself is designated as a Responsible Authority.
- **9.2** The Licensing Authority is required to designate, in writing, a body that is competent to advise it about the protection of children from harm. In making this designation the following principles have been applied:-
 - the competency of the body to advise the Licensing Authority;
 - the need for the body to be responsible for an area covering the whole of the Licensing Authority's area; and

- the need for the body to be answerable to democratically elected persons rather than any particular interest group etc.
- **9.3** In accordance with the Gambling Commission's Guidance to Local Authorities, the Licensing Authority designates Southend-on-Sea Borough Council's Department of Safeguarding for Children.

10.0 INTERESTED PARTIES

10.1 Interested Parties can make representations about licensing applications or apply for a review of an existing licence. An Interested Party is defined in the Act as follows:-

'... a person is an interested party in relation to a premises licence or in relation to an application for or in respect of a premises if, in the opinion of the Licensing Authority which issues the licence or to which the application is made, the person:-

- a) lives sufficiently close to the premises to be likely to be affected by the authorised activities,
- b) has business interests that might be affected by the authorised activities, or
- c) represents persons who satisfy paragraphs (a) or (b).'
- **10.2** Interested parties can be people who are democratically elected such as councillors and Members of Parliament. Where appropriate this will include county, parish and town councillors.

Interested parties can also be trade associations, trade unions, residents' associations and tenants' associations. Providing that these people represent those living or having business interests in the area which might be affected, no specific evidence of authorisation is required.

Otherwise, the licensing authority will generally require a third party to produce some form of authorisation to speak on behalf of an interested party.

- **10.3** Whether a person is an interested party will be determined on a case by case basis. The types of organisations which may be considered to have business interests will be given a wide interpretation.
- **10.4** In determining if a person lives or has business interests sufficiently close to the premises that they are likely to be affected by the authorised activities, the Licensing Authority will consider the following factors:-
 - The size of the premises;
 - The nature of the premises;
 - The distance of the premises from the location of the person making the representation;
 - The potential impact of the premises (e.g. number of customers, routes likely to be taken by those visiting the establishment);
 - The circumstances of the complaint. This does not mean the personal characteristics of the complainant but the interest of the complainant, which may be relevant to the distance from the premises;
 - The catchment area of the premises (i.e. how far people travel to visit); and
 - Whether the person making the representation has business interests in that catchment area that might be affected.

- **10.5** The Licensing Authority will decide if a representation made in respect of an application is valid based on the following factors:
 - It is not frivolous or vexatious.
 - It raises issues that relate to Guidance issued by the Gambling Commission.
 - It raises issues that relate to this policy.
 - It relates to the Licensing Objectives.

11.0 EXCHANGE OF INFORMATION

- **11.1** In its exchange of information with parties listed in Schedule 6 of the Act, the Licensing Authority will have regard to:-
 - the provisions of the Act, which include the provision that the Data Protection Act 1998 will not be contravened;
 - the Guidance issued by the Gambling Commission;
 - relevant Legislation and Regulations
- **11.2** In accordance with Section 350 of the Gambling Act 2005, the Licensing Authority may exchange information with the following statutory bodies or individuals:
 - A constable or police force
 - An enforcement officer
 - A licensing authority
 - Her Majesty's Revenue and Customs
 - The Gambling Appeal Tribunal
 - The Secretary of State
 - Scottish Ministers
 - Any other person or body designated by the Secretary of State in accordance with the Act.
- **11.3** The Licensing Authority may also exchange information provided by applicants with law enforcement agencies for purposes connected with the prevention and detection of crime, but we will only share any personal details for this purpose unless if required to do so by law.

12.0 PUBLIC REGISTER

12.1 The Licensing Authority is required to keep a public register and share information in it with the Gambling Commission and others. Regulations prescribe what information should be kept in the register. Copies of the register may be obtained on payment of a fee.

13.0 COMPLIANCE AND ENFORCEMENT

- **13.1** In exercising its functions with regard to the inspection of premises and to instituting criminal proceedings in respect of offences specified, the Licensing Authority will follow best practice. This requires that actions should be
 - Proportionate Intervention will only be when necessary. Remedies should be appropriate to the risk posed and costs identified and minimised.
 - Accountable The Authority must be able to justify decisions and be subject to public scrutiny.
 - Consistent Rules and standards must be joined up and implemented fairly.
 - Transparent Enforcement should be open and regulations kept simple and user friendly.

- Targeted Enforcement should be focused on the problems and minimise side effects.
- **13.2** The Licensing Authority will endeavour to avoid duplication with other regulatory regimes, so far as is possible, and adopt a risk based inspection programme. All enforcement action is taken having regard to the Regulatory Services Enforcement policy.
- **13.3** The main enforcement and compliance role of the Licensing Authority in terms of the Act, is to ensure compliance with the Premises Licence and other permissions which it authorises. The Gambling Commission is the enforcement body for Operating and Personal Licences. Concerns about the manufacture, supply or repair of gaming machines are not dealt with by the Licensing Authority but will be notified to the Gambling Commission.
- **13.4** The Licensing Authority will keep itself informed of developments as regard to the Department for Business, Energy& Industrial Strategy in its consideration of the regulatory functions of Local Authorities, and will have regard to best practice.
- **13.5** Where appropriate, complaints will be investigated in accordance with the stepped approach outlined in the Regulatory Services Enforcement Policy. A copy of this document is available on the Council website. In the first instance we encourage complaints to be raised directly with the licensee or business concerned.
- **13.6** As part of its ongoing inspection regime, The Licensing Authority may carryout test purchasing to ascertain if a licensee has robust policies in place to prevent underage gambling. Licence holders will always be advised of the outcome of the test. Where operators carry out their own test purchasing, and The Licensing Authority is unable to obtain the results from the Primary Authority, we would expect this information to be provided by the operator when requested. Should the results show a failure then the Licensing Authority will, in the first instance, work with the operator to review and improve their policies and procedures.
- **13.7** Where there is a Primary Authority Scheme in place, the Licensing Authority will seek guidance from the Primary Authority before taking any enforcement action on matters covered by that scheme. At the time of the publication of this policy there were four Primary Authority arrangements with host local authorities:
 - Ladbrokes/Corals Milton Keynes
 - Paddy Power Reading
 - William Hill City of Westminster

PART B PREMISES LICENCES

14.0 GENERAL PRINCIPLES

- **14.1** Premises Licences are subject to the permissions/restrictions set out in the Act as well as the specific mandatory and default conditions detailed in Regulations issued by the Secretary of State. The Licensing Authority is able to exclude default conditions and also attach others, where it is thought appropriate.
- **14.2** In accordance with section 150 of the Act, premises licences can authorise the provision of facilities on:

- casino premises
- bingo premises
- betting premises, including tracks and premises used by betting intermediaries
- adult gaming centre premises (for category B3, B4, C and D machines)
- family entertainment centre premises (for category C and D machines) (note that, separate to this category, the licensing authority may issue a family entertainment centre gaming machine permit, which authorises the use of category D machines only).
- **14.3** Each case will be decided on its merits, and will depend upon the type of gambling that is proposed, as well as taking into account how the applicant proposes that the Licensing Objective concerns can be overcome.
- **14.4** The Licensing Authority is required by the Act, in making decisions about Premises Licences, to permit the use of premises for gambling so far as it thinks it::
 - a) in accordance with any relevant Code of Practice under Section 24 of the Act;
 - b) in accordance with any relevant Guidance issued by the Gambling Commission under Section 25;
 - c) reasonably consistent with the Licensing Objectives (Subject to paragraphs a) and b))and
 - d) in accordance with the Licensing Authority's Statement of Licensing Policy (subject to paragraphs a) and c)).

14.5 Definition of Premises

In the Act 'premises' is defined as including 'any place'. It is for the Licensing Authority (having due regard for the Gambling Commission Guidance) to determine on the merits of each application whether different parts of a building can be regarded properly as separate premises.

The Licensing Authority will pay particular attention to applications where access to the licensed premises is through other premises (which themselves may be licensed or unlicensed).

14.6 Demand

Demand is a commercial consideration and is not an issue for the Licensing Authority.

14.7 Location

Location will only be a material consideration in the context of the Licensing Objectives.

- **14.8** The Act is clear that demand issues (e.g. the likely demand or need for gambling facilities in an area) cannot be considered with regard to the location of premises but that considerations in terms of the licensing objectives can. The Licensing Authority will pay particular attention to the objectives of protection of children and vulnerable persons from being harmed or exploited by gambling, as well as issues of crime and disorder.
- **14.9** In order for location to be considered, the Licensing Authority will need to be satisfied that there is sufficient evidence that the particular location of the premises would be harmful to the licensing objectives. From 6th April 2016, it is a requirement of the Gambling Commission's Licence Conditions and Codes of Practice (LCCP), under section 10, that licensees assess the local risks to the licensing objectives posed by the provision of gambling facilities at their premises and have policies, procedures and control measures to mitigate those risks. In making risk assessments, licensees must take into account relevant matters identified in this policy.

- **14.10** The LCCP also states that licensees must review (and update as necessary) their local risk assessments:
 - a) to take account of significant changes in local circumstance, including those identified in this policy;
 - b) when there are significant changes at a licensee's premises that may affect their mitigation of local risks;
 - c) when applying for a variation of a premises licence; and
 - d) in any case, undertake a local risk assessment when applying for a new premises licence.
- **14.11** The Licensing Authority expects the local risk assessment to consider as a minimum:
 - whether the premises is in an area of deprivation
 - whether the premises is in an area subject to high levels of crime and/or disorder
 - the ethnic profile of residents in the area, and how game rules, self-exclusion leaflets etc. are communicated to those groups
 - the demographics of the area in relation to vulnerable groups
 - the location of services for children such as schools, playgrounds, toy shops, leisure centres and other areas where children will gather
- **14.12** In every case the local risk assessment should show how vulnerable people, including people with gambling dependencies, are protected.
- **14.13** Other matters that the assessment may include:
 - The training of staff in brief intervention when customers show signs of excessive gambling, the ability of staff to offer brief intervention and how the manning of premises affects this.
 - Details as to the location and coverage of working CCTV cameras, and how the system will be monitored.
 - The layout of the premises so that staff have an unobstructed view of persons using the premises.
 - The number of staff that will be available on the premises at any one time. If at any time that number is one, confirm the supervisory and monitoring arrangements when that person is absent from the licensed area or distracted from supervising the premises and observing those persons using the premises.
 - Arrangements for monitoring and dealing with under age persons and vulnerable persons, which may include dedicated and trained personnel, leaflets, posters, self-exclusion schemes, window displays and advertisements not to entice passers-by etc.
 - The provision of signage and documents relating to games rules, gambling care providers and other relevant information be provided in both English and the other prominent first language for that locality.
 - Where the application is for a betting premises licence, other than in respect of a track, the location and extent of any part of the premises which will be used to provide betting machines.

The Licensing Authority expects all licensed premises' to have their local area risk assessment available on site for inspection by an authorised officer at all times when they are trading.

- **14.14** Such information may be used to inform the decision the council makes about whether to grant a licence, to grant a licence with special conditions or to refuse an application.
- **14.15** This policy does not preclude any application being made and each application will be decided on its merits, with the onus being upon the applicant to show how the concerns can be overcome.

14.16 Local Area Profile

Each locality has its own character and challenges. In order to assist applicants, where there is an issue in a local area which impacts on how the applicant should complete their

risk assessment, the Licensing Authority has published a local area profile (LAP). The LAP is published as a separate document to this policy and does not form part of it. The LAP may be reviewed by the Licensing Authority at any time. Such a review would not constitute a review of this policy. On reviewing the LAP the licensing authority will work with other parties, including Public Health, to gather appropriate information.

- **14.17** The LAP should be given careful consideration when making an application. Applicants may be asked to attend a meeting with licensing officers to discuss the LAP and assessment, appropriate measures to mitigate risk in the area and how they might be relevant to their application. The local area profile will be presented to any subsequent licensing sub-committee when they determine an application that has received representations. The LAP should not be taken as the definitive overview of a particular area and applicants are encouraged to use their own local knowledge in addition to the content of the LAP to inform their local risk assessments.
- **14.18** The Licensing Authority recognises that it cannot insist on applicants using the local area profiles when completing their risk assessments. However, an applicant who decides to disregard the LAP should be alert to the risk that they may face additional representations and the expense of a hearing as a result. A template of a suggested local risk assessment form for is included at **Annex D.** Applicants and licence holders may use this template or create their own.

14.19 Duplication with other Regulatory Regimes

Duplication with other statutory/regulatory regimes will be avoided where possible. The Licensing Authority will not consider whether a licence application is likely to be granted Planning Permission or Building Control consent.

14.20 The Licensing Objectives

Premises Licences granted must be reasonably consistent with the three Licensing Objectives. With regard to these Objectives, the following will be considered:-

• Preventing gambling from being a source of crime or disorder, being associated with crime or disorder, or being used to support crime –

The Licensing Authority is aware that there is a distinction between disorder and nuisance and that the prevention of nuisance is not a Licensing Objective under the Act.

Whilst the Licensing Authority is aware that the Gambling Commission takes a leading role in preventing gambling from being a source of crime, it will pay attention to the proposed location of gambling premises in terms of this Licensing Objective.

Where an area has known high levels of organised crime, the Licensing Authority will consider carefully whether gambling premises are suitable to be located there and the need for conditions, such as the provision of Door Supervisors.

• Ensuring that gambling is conducted in a fair and open way –

The Gambling Commission does not generally expect Licensing Authorities to be concerned with ensuring that gambling is conducted in a fair and open way. However, the Licensing Authority will familiarise itself with operator licence conditions and will communicate any concerns to the Gambling Commission about misleading advertising or any absence of required game rules or other matters as set out in the Gambling Commission's Licence Conditions and Code of Practice.

 Protecting children and other vulnerable persons from being harmed or exploited by gambling – In practice, the Objective of protecting children from being harmed or exploited by gambling often means preventing them from taking part in, or being in close proximity to, gambling. There is no definition of the term 'vulnerable person' in the Act, but this could include people who are gambling beyond their means and people who may not be able to make informed or balanced decisions about gambling due to a mental impairment, or substance misuse of alcohol or drugs.

The Licensing Authority will consider very carefully whether applications for Premises Licences in respect of gambling premises located close to schools, centres for gambling addicts, or residential areas where there may be a high concentration of families with children, should be granted, and will fully scrutinise the control measures outlined in an operator's local area risk assessment in this regard.

The Licensing Authority will consider whether specific measures are required at particular premises, with regard to this licensing objective. Appropriate measures may include supervision of entrances / machines, segregation of areas etc.

14.21 Conditions & Plans

The Licensing Authority is aware that the mandatory and default conditions imposed by the Gambling Commission will normally be sufficient to regulate gambling premises. In exceptional cases where there are specific risks or problems associated with a particular locality, specific premises or class of premises the Authority may consider attaching individual conditions related to the Licensing Objectives.

Any conditions attached to Licences will be proportionate and will be:-

- relevant to the need to make the proposed premises suitable as a gambling facility;
- directly related to the premises and the type of licence applied for;
- fairly and reasonably related to the scale and type of premises; and
- reasonable in all other respects.

In addition, the Licensing Authority will examine how applicants propose to address the Licensing Objectives. In considering applications the Licensing Authority will particularly take into account the following, if deemed appropriate:-

- Proof of age schemes;
- Closed Circuit Television;
- Door Supervisors;
- Supervision of entrances/machine areas;
- Physical separation of areas;
- Location of entrances;
- Notices and signage;
- Specific opening hours; and
- With particular regard to vulnerable persons, measures such as the use of self- barring schemes, provision of information, leaflets, helpline numbers for organisations such as GamCare;
- **14.22** It is recognised that there are conditions which the Licensing Authority cannot attach to Premises Licences. These are:-
 - any conditions on the Premises Licence which make it impossible to comply with an Operating Licence condition;
 - conditions relating to gaming machine categories, numbers, or method of operation;
 - conditions which provide that membership of a club or body be required (the Act specifically removes the membership requirement for casino and bingo clubs and this provision prevents it being reinstated);
 - conditions in relation to stakes, fees, and the winning of prizes.

14.23 Credit

Credit facilities are prohibited from being provided in casinos and bingo licensed premises. Cash machines (ATM's) may be installed in such premises but the Licensing Authority may apply conditions as to where they are sited.

14.24 Betting Machines [See Annex C for definition]

In relation to Casinos, Betting Premises and Tracks, the Licensing Authority can restrict the number of betting machines, their nature and the circumstances in which they are made available by attaching a licence condition to a Betting Premises Licence or to a Casino Premises Licence (*where betting is permitted in the Casino*).

- **14.25** When considering whether to impose a condition to restrict the number of betting machines in particular premises, the Licensing Authority, among other things, shall take into account:-
 - the size of the premises;
 - the number of counter positions available for person to person transactions; and
 - the ability of staff to monitor the use of the machines by children and young persons or by vulnerable persons.
- **14.26** In deciding whether to impose conditions to limit the number of betting machines, each application will be considered on its own merit and account will be taken of Codes of Practice or Guidance issued under the Act.
- 14.27 In all applications where a plan is required to be submitted. The Licensing Authority expectation is that, it will be in a scale of 1:100 unless otherwise agreed in writing and that, as a minimum, it will show the following (as appropriate to the type of application):
 - The extent of the proposed licensed area
 - All entry and exit points (including fire exits)
 - CCTV camera positions
 - Positions of betting terminals, high pay out machines (including fixed odds betting terminals) and ATM's
 - Any fixed or permanent structures including counters
 - Privacy screens (see also section 21 of this policy)
 - All unlicensed areas under the control of the licensee including any 'sterile area's' and toilet and kitchen facilities be they for staff or public use.

15.0 PROVISIONAL STATEMENTS

- **15.1** An application for a provisional statement may be made in respect of premises which the applicant
 - expects to be constructed
 - expects to be altered
 - expects to acquire a right to occupy.

The applicant should refer to the Act and the detailed information provided in the Guidance

16.0 <u>REVIEWS</u>

- **16.1** Applications for a Review of a Premises Licence may be made by Responsible Authorities and Interested Parties.
- **16.2** It is for the Licensing Authority to decide whether the review is to be carried out. This decision will generally be on the basis of whether the request for the review is relevant to the matters listed below:-

- Whether the grounds for the request raises issues relevant to the principles to be applied by the Licensing Authority and set out within the Licensing Authority Statement of Policy;
- Whether the grounds for the request are frivolous or vexatious.
- Whether the grounds for the request would certainly not cause the Licensing Authority to alter/revoke/suspend the Premises Licence;
- Whether the grounds for the request are substantially the same as previous representations or requests for a review.
- In accordance with any relevant codes of practice issued by the Gambling Commission.
- In accordance with any relevant guidance issued by the Gambling Commission.
- Reasonably consistent with the Licensing Objectives.
- **16.3** In accordance with the Guidance. The Licensing Authority can also initiate a review of a Licence on the basis of any reason which it thinks is appropriate

17.0 ADULT GAMING CENTRES

- 17.1 An Adult Gaming Centre is defined in Annex 'C'. Entry to these premises is age restricted.
- **17.2** The Licensing Authority will take account of any conditions applied to an Operating Licence in respect of such premises.

18.0 LICENSED FAMILY ENTERTAINMENT CENTRES

- **18.1** A Licensed Family Entertainment Centre is defined in Annex 'C'. Entry to these premises is not generally age restricted although entry to certain areas may be restricted, dependent on the category of machines available for use.
- **18.2** The Licensing Authority will take account of any conditions applied to an Operating Licence in respect of such premises.

19.0 <u>CASINOS</u>

- **19.1** A casino is defined in Annex 'C'. Entry to these premises is age restricted
- **19.2** The Licensing Authority is empowered to pass a resolution not to issue new licences for casinos in its area. No such resolution has been made.
- **19.3** The Licensing Authority will take account of any conditions applied to an Operating Licence in respect of such premises.

19.4 Betting Machines

Conditions may be imposed, in accordance with paragraphs 14.24, 14.25 and 14.26 14.13, above.

19.5 In deciding whether to impose conditions to limit the number of betting machines, each application will be on its own merits and account will be taken of Codes of Practice or Guidance issued under the Act.

19.6 Credit

Credit facilities are prohibited in casinos, however, this does not prevent the installation of cash dispensers (ATMs) on the premises, although the Licensing Authority may attach conditions as to the siting of such machines.

20.0 BINGO PREMISES

- **20.1** Bingo is defined in Annex 'C'. Entry to these premises is not generally age restricted although entry to certain areas may be restricted, dependent on the category of machines available for use.
- **20.2** The Licensing Authority will take account of any conditions applied to an Operating Licence in respect of such premises.

20.3 Credit

Credit facilities are prohibited in premises licensed for Bingo, however, this does not prevent the installation of cash dispensers (ATMs) on the premises, although the Licensing Authority may attach conditions as to the siting of such machines.

21.0 BETTING PREMISES

- **21.1** Betting is defined in Annex 'C'. Entry to these premises is age restricted.
- **21.2** The Licensing Authority will take account of any conditions applied to an Operating Licence in respect of such premises.

21.3 Betting Machines

Conditions may be imposed, in accordance with paragraphs 14.24, 14.25 and 14.26 above.

21.4 In deciding whether to impose conditions to limit the number of betting machines, each application will be on its own merits and account will be taken of Codes of Practice or Guidance issued under the Act.

21.5 **Fixed Odds Betting Terminals (FOBT's)**

In respect to nationally expressed concerns that exist in relation to the potentially adverse impact FOBT's may have on vulnerable groups of adults, The Licensing Authority will give due consideration to the need to apply conditions to betting shop premises licences including, but not limited to, setting out minimum staffing levels to ensure sufficient staff are on the premises to enable staff to comprehensively promote responsible gambling, adequately protect players, particularly in relation to players who are deemed to be vulnerable and to prevent under 18 year olds accessing gambling facilities.

21.6 The Licensing Authority expects FOBT's to be positioned in such a way that they can be appropriately monitored by staff particularly where those staff are positioned at a counter away from the machines. In general the Authority is of the view that 'privacy screens' will hamper this and will expect the local area risk assessment to take this into account where applicants intend to construct such screens. Particular attention should be paid to the Gambling Commission's Social Responsibility Codes in this regard, especially code 9.11.1. Where an existing licensee adds 'privacy screens' a variation application will be required

22.0 <u>TRACKS</u>

- **22.1** A Track is defined in Annex 'C'. Entry to these premises may be age restricted. Please refer to the Gambling Commission Guidance.
- **22.2** The Licensing Authority will take account of any conditions applied to an Operating Licence in respect of such premises.

22.3 Betting Machines

Conditions may be imposed, in accordance with paragraphs 14.24, 14.25 and 14.26 above.

22.4 In deciding whether to impose conditions to limit the number of betting machines, each application will be on its own merits and account will be taken of Codes of Practice or Guidance issued under the Act

23.0 TRAVELLING FAIRS

23.1 The facilities for gambling (being category D machines and/or equal chance prize gaming without a permit) must amount to no more than an ancillary amusement at the fair. The Licensing Authority will determine whether this requirement is being met.

PART C PERMITS

24.0 The Act introduced a range of permits for gambling which are granted by Licensing Authorities. Permits are required when premises provide a gambling facility but either the stakes and prizes are very low or gambling is not the main function of the premises. The permits regulate gambling and the use of gaming machines in a specific premises. With the exception of limiting machine numbers on Licensed Premises Gaming Machine permits, the Licensing Authority may only grant or reject an application for a permit. No conditions may be added.

25.0 UNLICENSED FAMILY ENTERTAINMENT CENTRE GAMING MACHINE PERMITS

- **25.1** Where a premises does not hold a Premises Licence but wishes to provide Gaming machines, it may apply to the Licensing Authority for a Permit. It should be noted that the applicant must show that the premises will be wholly or mainly used for making gaming machines available for use.
- **25.2** The Licensing Authority requires the applicant to submit a scale plan of the premises showing the areas which the permit will cover together with any other areas under the control of the licensee. Generally, this will be at a scale of 1:100 but other scales may be submitted with prior agreement from the Licensing Authority. Full details can be found in section 14.27
- **25.3** The Licensing Authority will expect the applicant to show that there are written policies and procedures in place to protect children from harm. Harm in this context is not limited to harm from gambling but includes wider child protection considerations. The suitability of such policies and procedures will be considered on their merits, however, they may include:-
 - A basic Disclosure & Barring Service check or equivalent criminal record check for the applicant and the person(s) having the day to day control of the premises;
 - Proof of age schemes;
 - How the applicant proposes to ensure that children will be protected from harm whilst on the premises;
 - Training covering how staff would deal with:
 - unsupervised, very young children being on the premises,
 - children causing perceived problems on/around the premises, or
 - □ suspected truant children

In addition applicants should be able to demonstrate a full understanding of maximum stakes and prizes (and that staff are suitably trained in this respect)

26.0 (ALCOHOL) LICENSED PREMISES GAMING MACHINE PERMITS

- **26.1** There is provision in the Act for premises licensed to sell alcohol for consumption on the premises to automatically have two gaming machines, of Categories C and/or D via a notification to the Licensing Authority.
- **26.2** Gaming machines can only be located on licensed premises that have a bar for serving customers.
- **26.3** Premises restricted to selling alcohol only with food, will not be able to have gaming machines or apply for a Permit.
- **26.4** Where an application for more than two gaming machines is received, the Licensing Authority will specifically have regard to the need to protect children and vulnerable persons from harm or being exploited by gambling and will expect the applicant to satisfy the Authority that there will be sufficient measures to ensure that under 18 year olds do not have access to the adult only machines. Measures will cover such issues as:-
 - Adult machines being in sight of the bar;
 - Adult machines being in sight of staff who will monitor that the machines are not being used by those under 18;
 - Appropriate notices and signage; and
 - As regards the protection of vulnerable persons, the Licensing Authority will consider measures such as the use of self-barring schemes, provision of information, leaflets/help line numbers for organisations such as GamCare.
 - Relevant codes of practice issued by the Gambling Commission

The Licensing Authority can decide to grant an application with a smaller number of machines and/or a different category of machines than that applied for but conditions other than these cannot be attached.

27.0 PRIZE GAMING PERMITS[See Annex C for definition]

- 27.1 The Licensing Authority will expect the applicant to show that there are written policies and procedures in place to protect children from harm. Harm in this context is not limited to harm from gambling but includes wider child protection considerations. The suitability of such policies and procedures will be considered on their merits, however, they may include:-
 - A basic Disclosure & Barring Service check or equivalent criminal record check for the applicant and the person having the day to day control of the premises.
 - Proof of age schemes
 - How the applicant proposes to ensure that children will be protected from harm whilst on the premises.
 - Training covering how staff would deal with:
 - unsupervised, very young children being on the premises,
 - children causing perceived problems on/around the premises, and
 - suspected truant children

In addition applicants should be able to demonstrate a full understanding of maximum stakes and prizes (and that staff are suitably trained in this respect)

In making its decision on an application for a Permit, the Licensing Authority does not need to have regard to the Licensing Objectives but must have regard to any Gambling Commission guidance.

28.0 CLUB GAMING AND CLUB MACHINE PERMITS

- **28.1** Members' Clubs and Miners' Welfare Institutes may apply for a Club Gaming Permit and/or a Club Gaming Machine Permit, but are restricted by category and number of machines and to equal chance gaming and games of chance.
- **28.2** Commercial clubs may apply for a club machine permit, subject to restrictions
- **28.3** The gambling provided under the authority of a club gaming permit must also meet the following conditions:
 - (a) in respect of gaming machines:
 - no child or young person may use a category B or C machine on the premises

that the holder must comply with any relevant provision of a code of practice about the location and operation of gaming machines.

(b) the public, children and young persons must be excluded from any area of the premises where the gaming is taking place.

28.4 Section 273 of the Act sets out the conditions that will apply to the club machine permit, including that in respect of gaming machines no child or young person uses a category B or C machine on the premises and that the holder complies with any relevant provision of a code of practice about the location and operation of gaming machines.

PART D OCCASIONAL AND TEMPORARY PERMISSIONS

29.0 TEMPORARY USE NOTICES (TUN)

- 29.1 A 'TUN' is defined in Annex 'C'.
- **29.2** A TUN may only be granted to a person or company holding an Operating Licence relevant to the temporary use of the premises. Regulations issued by the Secretary of State prescribe the activities to be covered. At present a Temporary Use Notice can only be issued for equal chance gaming.
- **29.3** For the purposes of a TUN, a set of premises is the subject of a TUN if any part of the premises is the subject of the Notice. This prevents one large premises from having a TUN in effect for more than 21 days per year by giving a Notice in respect of different parts.
- **29.4** The definition of a "set of premises" will be a question of fact in the particular circumstances of each Notice that is given. In considering whether a place falls within the definition of "a set of premises", the Licensing Authority will consider, amongst other things, the ownership/occupation and control of the premises.
- **29.5** The Licensing Authority will object to Notices where it appears that their effect would be to permit regular gambling in a place that could be described as one set of premises.

30.0 OCCASIONAL USE NOTICES

- **30.1** Occasional Use Notices (OUN) are defined in Annex 'C'.
- **30.2** The Licensing Authority has very little discretion as regards these Notices, aside from ensuring that a statutory limit of 8 days in a calendar year is not exceeded.

30.3 The Licensing Authority will, however, consider the definition of a track and whether the applicant is permitted to avail him/herself of the Notice.

31.0 SMALL SOCIETY LOTTERIES

31.1 The definition of a Small Society Lottery is contained in Annex 'C' and these require registration with the Licensing Authority.

32.0 APPENDICES

32.1 Appendices have been attached to this Statement providing further information and guidance and they are intended only to assist readers and should not be interpreted as legal advice or as constituent of the Licensing Authority's policy. Readers of this document are strongly advised to seek their own legal advice if they are unsure of the requirements of the Act, or the guidance or regulations issued under the Act.

33.0 DELEGATION OF POWERS

33.1 The Licensing Authority has agreed a scheme of delegation for discharging its functions under the Act.

34.0 DEFINITIONS – Annex 'C'

35.0 FEES - Annex 'F'

36.0 USEFUL CONTACTS

The Gambling Commission maintains a list of useful contacts on organisations involved in gambling and their contact details can be found on the Commission's website <u>www.gamblingcommission.gov.uk</u> Some of these organisations provide codes of practice on their particular interest area.

ANNEX 'A'

List of Consultees

The draft policy was placed on the Council Website and in accordance with the Act the following organisations and individuals were consulted as part of the formal consultation exercise on the Statement of Gambling Licensing Policy.

- All responsible Authorities for the Gambling Act (as specified in Annexe 2).
- Holders of Premises Licences and Permits under the Gambling Act 2005
- Gamblers Anonymous,
- The Licensing Committee
- Public Health

In addition to those specifically consulted, no requests were received for copies of the draft Policy Document.

(note the consultation list is deliberately light as this policy was previously reviewed in 2017. Accordingly there a few changes. The Act prescribes a statutory three yearly review and this version is in compliance with that requirement.).

In addition to those specifically consulted, no requests were received for copies of the draft Policy Document, although the web page where it was located received ??? 'hits'

ANNEX 'B'

Contact Details for the Licensing Authority and Responsible Authorities

The Licensing Authority is:

The Licensing Authority Public Protection Division (Floor 13) Southend-on-Sea Borough Council Civic Centre Victoria Avenue Southend-on-Sea, SS2 6ZG

Telephone: 01702 215005

Email: licact2003@southend.gov.uk

The Responsible Authorities are:

a) The Chief Officer of Police Essex Police Licensing Unit PO Box 12306 Police Station Newland Street, Witham, CM8 2AS

Telephone: 101 ext 452035

E:mail licensing.applications@essex.pnn.police.uk

Guidance from Essex Police on their expectations for licence applications can be found on their website at: www.essex.police.uk/licensing

 b) The Fire and Rescue Authority Essex County Fire and Rescue Service Southend Service Delivery Point Sutton Road (Rear of Fire Station) Southend-on-Sea, SS2 5PX

c) The Local Planning Authority The Development Control Section Southend-on-Sea Borough Council Civic Centre Victoria Avenue Southend-on-Sea. SS2 6ZG

Telephone: 01702 215327

Telephone 01376 576740

d) The Local Authority with functions related to prevention of risk of pollution of the environment:-

The Environmental Protection Team Public Protection Division (Floor 13) Southend-on-Sea Borough Council Civic Centre, Victoria Avenue Southend-on-Sea SS2 6ZG

Telephone: 01702 215005

Email: environmentalprotection@southend.gov.uk

The body designated by the Licensing Authority as being competent to advise on e) the Authority about protection of children from harm.

The Department of Safeguarding for Children. (Child Protection Advisor) Southend-on-Sea Borough Council Civic Centre, Victoria Avenue Southend-on-Sea SS2 6ZG

Telephone: 01702 534417

Email: safeguardingforchildren@southend.gov.uk

f) The Gambling Commission Victoria Square House Victoria Square Birmingham **B2 4BP**

Telephone: 0121 230 6500

HM Revenue and Customs g) **Excise Processing Teams** BX9 1GL

Telephone: 03000 516023

Email: NRUBetting&Gaming@HMRC.gsi.gov.uk

h) In relation to vessels only, the Navigation Authority having functions in relation to any place where the vessel is or is likely to be while activities are carried on in reliance on a premises licence. For this purpose, correspondence should be sent to:

Surveyor-in-Charge Maritime & Coast Guard Agency Marine Office Central Court 1B Knoll Rise Orpington, BR6 0JA

Telephone: 01689 890400

Any further enquiries or assistance can be obtained from the Licensing Authority on the email address or telephone number given above. These addresses were correct at the time of going to press but are subject to change without notice. Any change made will not form part of a review of the Council's Statement of Licensing Policy

ANNEX 'C'

DEFINITIONS

Please note, definitions listed below are for guidance only and do not form part of the Council's Statement of Licensing Policy or will necessarily appear within it.

Term	Description	
ATM	Auto teller machine or cash machine.	
Adult Gaming Centre	Premises in respect of which an Adult Gaming Centre Premises Licence has effect.	
Authorised Local Authority Officer	A Licensing Authority Officer who is an authorised person for a purpose relating to premises in that Authority's area.	
Betting	In this Act "betting" means making or accepting a bet on—	
	(a) the outcome of a race, competition or other event or process,	
	(b) the likelihood of anything occurring or not occurring, or	
	(c) whether anything is or is not true.	
Betting Machines	A machine designed or adapted for use to bet on future real events [not a gaming machine].	
Bingo	Bingo is not given a statutory definition in the Act other than that it means any version of the game irrespective of by what name it is described. It is to have its ordinary and natural meaning. Two types of bingo are commonly understood:	
	 cash bingo, where the stakes paid make up the cash prizes that are won prize bingo, where various forms of prizes are won, not directly related to the stakes paid. 	
Casino	An arrangement whereby people are given an opportunity to participate in one or more casino games.	
Casino Resolution	Resolution not to issue Casino Premises Licences.	
Child	Individual who is less than 16 years old.	
Club Gaming Machine Permit	Permit to enable the premises to provide gaming machines [3 machines of Categories B,C or D.]	
Conditions	Conditions to be attached to licences by way of:-	

	 Automatic provision Regulations provided by Secretary of State Conditions provided by Gambling Commission Conditions provided by Licensing Authority Conditions may be general in nature [either attached to all licences or all licences of a particular nature] or may be specific to a particular licence. 	
Crane grab machine	A non-money prize machine in respect of which every prize which can be won consists of an individual physical object (such as a stuffed toy) won by a person's success in manipulating a device forming part of the machine so as to separate, and keep separate, one or more physical objects from a group of such objects.	
Default Conditions	Conditions, prescribed in regulations, that will apply unless the Licensing Authority decides to exclude them. This may apply to all Premises Licences, to a class of Premises Licence or Licences for specified circumstances.	
Delegated Powers	Decisions delegated either to a Licensing Committee, Sub-Committee or Licensing Officers.	
Disorder	No set interpretation. However, likely to be connected to the way gambling is being conducted. In the case of Gambling Premises' Licences, disorder is intended to mean activity that is more serious and disruptive than mere nuisance.	
Equal Chance Gaming	Games that do not involve playing or staking against a bank and where the chances are equally favourable to all participants.	
Exempt Lotteries	 Lotteries specified in the Gambling Act as permitted to be run without a licence form the Gambling Commission. There are four types: Small Society Lottery [required to register with Licensing Authorities. Incidental Non Commercial Lotteries. Private Lotteries. Customer Lotteries. 	
Family Entertainment Centre (FEC)	There are two types of FEC:- A licensed FEC (ie one with a Premises Licence) has no limit on the number of category C or D machines permitted An unlicensed FEC (ie one with a Permit) has no limit on the number of category D machines permitted	

Fixed Odds Betting Terminals (FOBTs)	FOBTs are a type of gaming machine which generally appear in licensed bookmakers. (Betting Shops) FOBTs have 'touch-screen' displays and look similar to quiz machines familiar in pubs and clubs. They normally offer a number of games, roulette being the most popular.	
Gaming & game of chance	 In the Act "gaming" means playing a game of chance for a prize. and "game of chance"— (a) includes— (i) a game that involves both an element of chance and an element of skill, (ii) a game that involves an element of chance that can be eliminated by superlative skill, and (iii) a game that is presented as involving an element of chance, but (b) does not include a sport 	
Gaming Machine	Machine covering all types of gambling activity, including betting on virtual events, but not including home computers even though users can access online gambling websites.	
Guidance to Licensing Authorities	Guidance issued periodically by the Gambling Commission	
Incidental Non Commercial Lottery	A lottery promoted wholly for purposes other than private game, and which are incidental to non-commercial events [commonly charity fundraising events, lottery held at a school fete or at a social event such as a dinner dance]	
Lottery	An arrangement which satisfies the statutory description of either a simple lottery or a complex lottery in Section 14 of the Act.	
Members' Club	 A club, as defined by the Licensing Act 2003, that must:- Have at least 25 members; Be established and conducted 'wholly or mainly' for purposes other than gaming; Be permanent in nature; Not be established to make commercial profit; Be controlled by its members equally. 	
Money prize machine	A machine in respect of which every prize which can be won as a result of using the machine is a money prize.	

Non-money prize machine	A machine in respect of which every prize which can be won as a result of using the machine is a non-money prize. The winner of the prize is determined by: (i) the position in which the coin or token comes to rest after it has been inserted into the machine, together with the position of other coins or tokens which have previously been inserted into the machine to pay a charge for use, or (ii) if the insertion of a single coin to pay the charge for use enables the person using the machine to release one or more tokens within the machine, the position in which such tokens come to rest after being released, together with the position of other tokens which have previously been so released.	
Occasional Use Notice (OUN)	Betting may be permitted on a 'track' by an OUN without the need for a full Premises Licence.	
Odds	The ratio to which a bet will be paid if the bet wins. e.g. 3-1 means for every £1 bet, a person would receive £3 of winnings.	
Off Course Betting	Betting that takes place other than at a track, i.e. at a licensed betting shop.	
Off Course Betting - Tracks	Betting that takes place in a self-contained betting premises with the track premises providing facilities for off course betting, i.e. on other events, not just those taking place on the track. Normally operates only on race days.	
On Course Betting - Tracks	Betting that takes place on a track while races are taking place.	
Operating Licence	Licence to permit individuals and companies to provide facilities for certain types of gambling. It may authorise remote or non remote gambling.	
Permits	Authorisation to provide a gambling facility where the stakes and prizes are very low or gambling is not the main function of the premises.	
Personal Licence	Formal authorisation to individuals who control facilities for gambling or are able to influence the outcome of gambling. Cannot be held by companies.	
Pool Betting – Tracks	For the purposes of the Gambling Act, pool betting is made on terms that all or part of the winnings: 1) Shall be determined by reference to the aggregate of the stakes paid or agreed to be paid by the persons betting 2) Shall be divided among the winners or 3) Shall or may be something other than money. For the purposes of the Gambling Act, pool betting is horse-race pool betting if it	

	relates to horse-racing in Britain.
Private Lotteries	There are three types of Private Lotteries:
	 Private Society Lotteries - tickets may only be sold to members of the Society or persons who are on the premises of the Society;
	 Work Lotteries - the promoters and purchasers of tickets must all work on a single set of work premises;
	 Residents' Lotteries - promoted by, and tickets may only be sold to, people who live at the same set of premises.
Prize Gaming	Where the nature and size of the price is not determined by the number of people playing or the amount paid for or raised by the gaming. The prizes will be determined by the operator before play commences.
Prize Gaming Permit	A permit to authorise the provision of facilities for gaming with prizes on specific premises.
Regulations or Statutory instruments	Regulations are a form of law, often referred to as delegated or secondary legislation. They have the same binding legal effect as Acts and usually state rules that apply generally, rather than to specific persons or things. However, regulations are not made by Parliament. Rather, they are made by persons or bodies to whom Parliament has delegated the authority to make them, such as a minister or an administrative agency.
Representations	In the context of the Gambling Act representations are either positive statements of support or negative objections which are made in relation to a licensing application. Representations must be made in time, e.g. during a designated notice period.
Responsible Authorities	Public Bodies that must be notified of all applications and who are entitled to make representations in relation to Premises Licences, as follows:-
	 The Licensing Authority in whose area the premises is partly or wholly situated The Gambling Commission The Chief Officer of Police Fire and Rescue Service The Planning Authority for the local authority area Environmental Health Service for the local authority area The Body competent to advise on the protection of children from harm

	 HM Revenue and Customs Authority in relation to vulnerable adults Vessels only - the Navigation Authority whose statutory functions are in relation to waters where the vessel is usually moored or berthed, i.e. the Environment Agency, British Waterways Board, the Maritime and Coastguard Agency 	
	Full details of Responsible Authorities for the Borough are contained in Appendix 'B' to this Policy.	
Skill machine / Skill with prizes machine	The Act does not cover machines that give prizes as a result of the application of pure skill by players. A skill with prizes machine is one on which the winning of a prize is determined only by the player's skill – any element of chance imparted by the action of the machine would cause it to be a gaming machine. An example of a skill game would be trivia game machines, popular in pubs and clubs, which require the player to answer general knowledge questions to win cash prizes.	
Small Society Lottery	A lottery promoted on behalf of a non commercial society, i.e. lotteries intended to raise funds for good causes.	
Society	The society, or any separate branch of such a society, on whose behalf a lottery is to be promoted.	
Stake The amount pledged when taking part in activity as either a bet, or deposit to the bank (where the house could be a gaming machine).		
Table gaming Card games played in casinos.		
Temporary Use Notice (TUN)	To allow the use of a premises for gambling where there is no Premises Licence but where a gambling operator wishes to use the premises temporarily for providing facilities for gambling.	
Tote [or Totalisator]	"Tote" is short for Totaliser, a system introduced to Britain in 1929 to offer pool betting on racecourses.	
Track Sites where races or other sporting events e.g. horse racing, dog racing or any other p any part of which a race or other sporting place or is intended to take place.		
Vehicles	Defined as trains, aircraft, sea planes and amphibious vehicles other than hovercraft. No form of commercial betting and gaming is permitted.	
Vulnerable Persons	No set definition, but likely to mean group to include people who:- gamble more than they want to 	

	 gamble beyond their means who may not be able to make informed or balanced decisions about gambling due to a mental impairment, alcohol or drugs
Young Person	An individual who is not a child but who is less than 18 years old.

ANNEX 'D'



ANNEX 'E'

1: Lo	1: Local Area				
No	Local Risks:	Licensing objective(s) at risk: (CD, FO or CV)	Control Measures		
1.1			Systems		
			Design		
			Design		
			Physical		
1.2			Systems		
			Design		
			Dhysical		
		, i de la companya de	Physical		
1.3			Systems		
			Design		
			Dhysical		
			Physical		

Local Area Risk Assessment Example Template

2: G	ambling Operation		
No	ambling Operation Local Risks:	Licensing objective(s) at risk: (CD, FO or CV)	Control Measures
2.1			Systems
			Design
			Physical
2.2			Systems
			Design
			Physical
3.3			Systems
0.0			
			Design
			Physical

3: In	ternal and External Premises	Design	
No	Local Risks:	Licensing objective(s) at risk: (CD, FO or CV)	Control Measures
3.1			Systems
			Design
			Physical
3.2			Systems
			Design
			Physical
3.3			Systems
0.0			
			Design
			Physical

Actions following assessment:			
1: Local Area			
Action	Person/Dept tasked	Date tasked	Date completed
2: Gambling Operation			
Action	Person/Dept tasked	Date tasked	Date completed
3: Internal and External Premises Design			
Action	Person/Dept tasked	Date tasked	Date completed
Signed:		Date:	
Drint Name:			
Print Name:			

Notes: In addition to the requirement for existing licence holders to have a local area risk assessment, this risk assessment must be completed for all new premises or when the premises licence is varied. The assessment must also be reviewed when there are any significant changes to either the local circumstances and/or the premises. see section 14 of this policy)

Risks: Area of consideration that may impact on one or more of the licensing objectives Local Risks: These are the identified factors that may pose a risk to the licensing objectives by virtue of the provision of gambling facilities at the premises

Licensing Objectives: these are the three licensing objectives under the Gambling Act 2005 to which the risk factors have been identified as potentially impacting. For ease of reference within this assessment the objectives have been given codes that should be used to replace the full objective. These codes are CD for the Crime and Disorder objective, FO for the Fair and Open objective and CV for the protection of children and the vulnerable.

Control Measures: These are measures that the operator can put in place to mitigate the risk to the licensing objectives from the risk factors. These control measures are split into three categories, systems, design and physical.

The fact that there are three subsections in each section of the template should not be taken to suggest that you should limit your assessment to three risks for each section. The above template is an example only. You are at liberty to use your own design.

ANNEX 'F'

Non statutory fees are reviewed by the Licensing Authority on an annual basis in accordance with the Gambling (Premises Licence Fees) (England and Wales) Regulations 2007. Details of current fees can be obtained by contacting

The Licensing Authority Public Protection Division (Floor 13) Department for Place Southend-on-Sea Borough Council Civic Centre Victoria Avenue Southend-on-Sea Essex SS2 6ZG Telephone: 01702 215005

Email: licact2003@southend.gov.uk

or alternatively by viewing the Council's Website <u>www.southend.gov.uk</u>